



GSE SOFTWARE

General Structural Engineering

APPLICATION

GSE Timber

FUNCTIONALITY

Fire resistance of wood elements

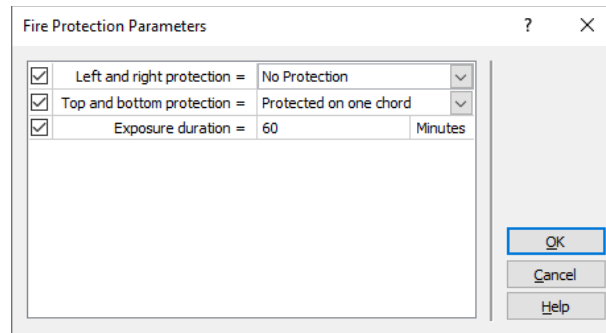
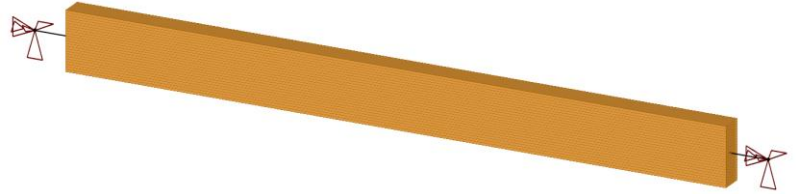
Fire resistance of wood elements

The resistance limit states, under fire conditions, are calculated for large cross-section wood elements. To enhance productivity of GSE users, the cross-section elements are automatically reduced during the limit state checks.

Using the defined fire duration of the element and the charring rate, the reduced cross-section is calculated for each member. The fire resistances of the elements are verified according to the National Design Specification (NDS) and CSA O86 standards.

With this function, GSE users can efficiently design and verify wood elements under fire conditions.

In the GSE Timber software, large cross-section sawn wood, glulam and SCL members may be verified under fire conditions. The required parameters to calculate the equivalent cross-section properties are in the *Fire Protection Parameters* menu. This menu includes options to determine the fire protected sides of the member and the fire exposure duration.



Using the properties above, the char depth is calculated for each exposed cross-section surface.

The equations used for the CSA O86 code are:

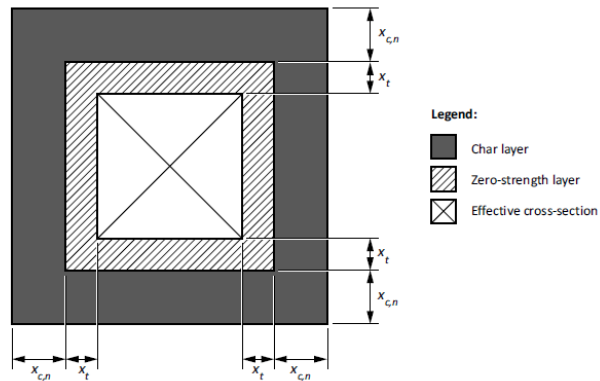


Figure 1 – Charring schema in CSA O86

$$x_{c,n} = \beta_n * t$$

$$x_t = \left(\frac{t}{20}\right) * 7 \quad (t < 20min)$$

$$x_t = 7 \quad (t \geq 20min)$$

$$a_{char} = x_{c,n} + x_t$$

The equations used for the NDS code are:

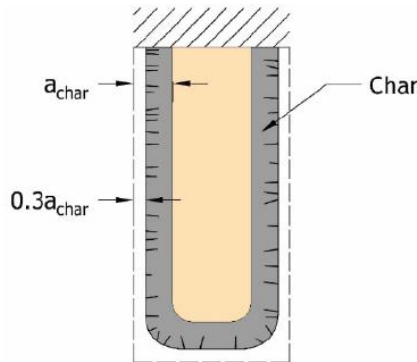


Figure 2 - Charring schema in NDS

$$a_{char} = \beta_t * t^{0.813}$$

$$a_{eff} = 1.2 * a_{char}$$

The fire load combinations may be automatically generated according to the American or Canadian building codes. The forces within those members, calculated during the analysis, are used to check the limit states of the reduced cross-section members.

